

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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ATLANTA, GA., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 16, 1894.

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MR. CLEVELAND'S FIX.

Now That the Senate Has Passed the Bland Bill He's Cornered.

WALL STREET DEMANDS A VETO. His Party Expects Him to Do His Duty by the People.

GOLDBUGS REMIND HIM OF PROMISES.

They See Their Pet Plans Endangered, for They Do Not Want the Country to Have More Money.

Washington, March 15.—(Special)—By a majority of thirteen the senate this afternoon passed the Bland silver seigniorage bill.

All the democrats except ten voted for it. Added to these were the three populists and eleven republicans. Among the latter was Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania. His colleague, Senator Cameron, was in favor of it but was absent and it was found impossible to get a pair for him, though it could have been done had Senator Hill, who was paired with Senator Dixon, transferred his pair. But the New York senator did not do this. He seemed to prefer not to vote. The silver men called it a dodge, but Hill denies it, claiming that he was paired for the bill.

Both Georgia senators were present and voted for the bill. The ten democrats who voted against the bill were, Brice, Caffrey, of Louisiana; Gibson, Gorman, McPherson, Mitchell, of Wisconsin; Murphy, Palmer, Smith and Vilas.

The President in a Pickle.

The bill goes to the president tomorrow. Already Mr. Cleveland is in a pickle over it. No man knows whether he will sign or veto it. Mr. Cleveland, himself, doesn't know. Mr. Bland and numbers of democratic congressmen were at the white house today to urge him to sign it, but Mr. Cleveland gave no indication of what he would do. Personally, he does not want to sign it. At the same time, he knows the great majority of his party wants him to do so. He feels that he should not repudiate the acts of the party as presented in congress, yet he doesn't want to sign it. And added to this, is a powerful pressure upon him to veto it. This pressure comes from New York. It comes from the men who are closest of all to him and Secretary Carlisle. It comes from the men who bought the recent \$50,000 issue of bonds.

Wall Street Expects Him to Veto It. It may not be generally known, but it is a fact that the president and Secretary Carlisle were in a great quandary over that bond issue. They feared at one time that this issue would not be placed. The New York bankers and capitalists at first pretended they did not want them. They used as an argument against the value of the bonds the possibility that congress might go and pass a free coinage bill and flood the country with silver, and should that be the case they wanted none of the bonds.

Later they came forward with the statement that they would take the bonds with the understanding that the administration would feel under such obligation to them as to stand in the way and block further silver legislation. Now, these men say to Mr. Cleveland, "We helped you out of your bond difficulty. If you sign this seigniorage bill you decrease the value of our bonds."

By signing it, you will exhibit a disposition to injure us—to turn on the people who came to your rescue."

Only Ten Days to Consider.

Of course, such argument is bosh. These very men who took the bonds have been scheming for a year to have them issued.

They would have gobbled up twice as many. They want more now, but they don't want silver. They don't want the country to have any more money.

Whether they be as strong with the president now as they once were, remains to be seen.

Whether the president will sign the bill and gratify his party or whether he will veto it at the dictation of the alleged financiers of New York, the future only will tell.

He can hold the bill but ten days. In that time he must act. It is not considered probable that he will let it become a law without his signature. That would bring him into dispute with all who are interested. Therefore it is believed he will either sign or veto it. Maybe he will sign it.

Let the Boys Go.

The government has received a formal invitation to send a company of cavalry to London to participate in the international tournament to be held there next May. At the principal armories of the world have been invited to send cavalry representatives. Each government is expected to send the flower of its mounted troops.

The cavalrymen stationed here are highly excited and are anxious that a troop from Fort Meyer shall be sent. Our officers think we can compete with any cavalrymen on earth. An old Augustus boy, Lieutenant Al Perry, may be selected as one of the officers of the troop to go over and do up the Englishmen.

Decendence of Poker.

Senator Joe Blackburn, the jovial and decidedly sporty senator from Kentucky, has been converted. Moody and Sankey did it. The Kentuckian attended their meetings here recently for two weeks and became so much interested that he was sending out religious tracts bearing the words "Decendence of J. S. C. Blackburn" to his colleagues in the senate.

Senator Vest, of Missouri, is momentarily expected to join his senatorial friend and abandon his bad habits. When he does the senatorial poker club will be a thing of the past. Indeed, it has not held a single session during the present month.

Two Elections on the Same Day.

Proposes of elections in Georgia, has it occurred to you that the legislature elects a senator on the same day of the congressional election in Georgia?

The legislature meets on the fourth Wednesday in October. It elects a senator on the second Tuesday (which will be the 6th) of November, and that happens to be the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, the day of the congressional election.

This is hard on those who happen to be at two birds with one stone.

John Sherman Needs Rest.

Senator John Sherman is going down to Asheville for his health. The Ohio statesman and financier is in very bad health.

AN OLD MAN'S FOLLY.

Infatuated with a Schoolgirl He Disgraces Himself and Her.

SHE TRUSTED HIM FOR YEARS.

That Attempt to Connect Colonel Swope with Madeline Fails.

RODES WAS A POOR DUPE OF HER.

While He Was Paying for Her Education She Was in Love with the Eloquent Colonel Breckinridge.

Washington, March 15.—(Special)—By the reading of the deposition of Mrs. Ketcham's deposition was that of Mrs. A. M. Ketcham, of Lexington, Ky., who knew Miss Pollard during 1884, 1885 and 1886, when she boarded at Mrs. Ketcham's house while attending Sayre Institute in that town. James C. Rodes, regularly every three weeks at Mrs. Ketcham's house to see Miss Pollard, and her mother came once or twice while she was there. The deponent did not see any signs about Miss Pollard that indicated that she was about to become or had become a mother.

Mrs. Ketcham was asked if Professor James Lane Allen, the Kentucky novelist, had called on Miss Pollard at her house, but the deponent did not remember having seen him.

The reading of Mrs. Ketcham's deposition was continued after the recess. It was shown by the deposition that an attempt had been made, through questions asked the deponent during her examination, to implicate Colonel Swope and other citizens of Lexington with Miss Pollard, but Mrs. Ketcham's answers were all to the effect that Miss Pollard had acted in a modest manner, as a chaste and good girl.

All the attorneys in the case were present when Miss Pollard entered. Colonel Breckinridge had come a minute before and took his usual seat immediately behind the plaintiff. As usual the courtroom was well filled.

A colored woman from Lexington, Ky., Sarah Guest, dressed in deep mourning, was the first witness. She is the woman whose deposition was objected to a few days ago by the defense. Her examination was conducted by Mr. Farrel, who was the attorney for the defense.

Sarah Guest was questioned minutely concerning her life and antecedents; how long she had lived in Lexington and other questions of a personal character. She knew Colonel Breckinridge, she said, ever since she was a little girl. She had lived in Lexington for twenty-five years. The witness identified Colonel Breckinridge and Miss Pollard.

The substance of her testimony was to the effect that she kept an assignation house; that Breckinridge brought Miss Pollard to her house the first time about ten years ago, to remain from Friday until Monday; that the witness objected to so long a stay; that Breckinridge overrode her objections and the girl remained; but Mrs. Ketcham also testified that Miss Pollard could have captured the young school girl.

Mrs. Ketcham also testified that Colonel Breckinridge had a room at her house for a short time while Miss Pollard was there.

Mr. Farrel, the young lawyer for the plaintiff from Lexington, read the deposition of Mrs. Mary F. Hoyt, sister of Mrs. Ketcham, who testified that Miss Pollard told her that she had agreed to marry James C. Rodes on condition that he paid for her education.

Miss Pollard was absent from Lexington from July 6 to September 2, 1886, saying she had gone with her aunt.

Did you know Colonel A. M. Swope?" "Yes."

"Did he call on Miss Pollard?"

"To my knowledge he never called on Miss Pollard while she was at my house."

Miss Pollard, said the deponent, occupied a down stairs room leading to the street, but Mrs. Hoyt did not think that Miss Pollard could have received any visitors there without her knowledge. Like her sister, Mrs. Hoyt never noticed anything about Miss Pollard that was not proper. Miss Pollard had left the Sayre Institute because of humiliation over the action of Mr. Rodes in telling the principal that he was paying for Miss Pollard's tuition on condition that she would marry him.

As a pupil.

The deposition of Major H. B. McClelland, principal of the Sayre Female Institute, where Miss Pollard was a pupil, was next read. The major produced the school records, which showed that Miss Pollard was a student at the school—seminary for a week at a time.

The deponent did not know of any acquaintanceship between Colonel Breckinridge and Miss Pollard, and he had never seen anything about her to excite surprise as to her chastity.

The court adjourned until tomorrow morning.

The Defendant Is Cool.

The extraordinary composure and indifference of Colonel Breckinridge during the trial of the breach of promise case here is remarked by every one. He has daily faced between 300 and 400 persons without a blush or the slightest embarrassment while witness after witness related the revolting relations he bore to the woman now suing him. It is said that no person in the courtroom has shown less emotion than he, and such an exhibition of calmness has never been witnessed here. Colonel Breckinridge is a man fifty-seven years of age, the son of one of the most famous preachers of the theologicals of the Presbyterian church, a man of great tact, a good speaker, and a brother to General Joseph C. Breckinridge, inspector general of the United States army.

There has never been in this country a man who has enjoyed the respect and confidence of his associates and the public generally to a greater degree than he, and although there have been whispers about his relations with Miss Pollard for several years, while she was a clerk in the department store under his protection, he has not been brought to light.

"How many times was Colonel Breckinridge at your house with Miss Pollard?" asked Mr. Farrel.

"About fifty times."

"Over how many years did these visits extend?"

"Over about three or four years."

Mr. Farrel conducted the cross-examination of Sarah Guest. He waited right in front of the court, and asked her to get her hair dressed, and she did so.

Colonel Breckinridge had come to her again last fall, after the suit was filed, and asked her not to testify against him, and also to keep Mary Scott and Mary Wilson, who also had lived at her house, out of the way, because he didn't want her to get them.

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LIKE METEOR FLASH.

Congressmen Who Rose, Reigned and Fell Quickly.

TIDE OF FICKLE PUBLIC OPINION

Boms Went Up Like the Rocket and Came Down Like the Stick—Brilliant Starts Do Not Mean Great Careers.

Washington, March 14.—Any one who for the first time makes a study of the records of the old members of congress and has occasion to note whom they were will be with, on committees and otherwise, will be amazed at the number of men who have come into the house in a dash as if they would carry all before them, have done little or nothing and have gone out again to never return. In glancing back ten years past one may find many cases where a man has come into the house with a speech of great brilliancy, and it may be said ended said with that speech or soon after, however, the language used in the speech of the slaves controversy in 1850, he will find many cases of apparently brilliant men who have as Windy Phillips said of Napoleon Bonaparte, "reigned and fell." Now in this house there are 131 men who have never been in Congress, and everyone one who has never been in any legislative body higher than the town council, while in the senate are twenty-three who have been in the committee on the beginning of their present term, and the correspondent could look from this gallery and name the few men—the very few men—who are to endure and grow, to rise and shine, then what a very valuable correspondent that writer would be!

The House on Fire.

Some of the cases are both entraining and instructive. In the forty-first congress there came as representative from Nevada a young, ardent and black-eyed enthusiast who was claimed as the rising orator of the Pacific coast. He said he was marching till the question of extending the political disabilities of General John C. Breckinridge came before the house, when he arose and delivered a speech in favor of amnesty which electrified the entire body.

He stammered, expressed—he really set the question of extending the political disabilities of General John C. Breckinridge came before the house, when he arose and delivered a speech in favor of amnesty which electrified the entire body.

Pretends That Californians Under-

stand It.

Mr. Bowers, republican, of California, answering Mr. Black, said the publications of the agricultural department were not to be relied upon, as they were not of benefit to the people of his state and district.

The country was of vast proportions and publications that might be of little interest or value to one section might be to others. That was the case in this instance.

Investigating Our Instant.

In the U. S. Court this morning a paper was filed against Mr. V. C. Colton, an attorney of the United States court and special United States examiner in the matter of certain charges against government officials did give the news of this case to the public.

W. H. Skaggs and P. G. Bowmen will leave Sunday night for Des Moines, Ia., where they go as delegates from Alabama to the international silver convention to be held there on the 21st and 22d instant.

Mr. Sayers made the point of order against the amendment that it changed the existing law.

Mr. Enloe said it reduced expenses by the amount of appropriations made for the bureau.

Mr. Outhwaite said that the transfer of the duties to other departments did not prevent any reduction of expense, the work would still go on.

The point was further argued by Messrs. Cannon, Hooker, Dingley and Outhwaite, in support thereof, and by Enloe in opposition.

Mr. Enloe amended his amendment by providing further that every officer and employee of the survey shall be discontinued with the survey.

The chair ruled that the amendment was obnoxious to the point of order; that the portion of it which proposed to change existing law by the transferring of the work of the survey, did not on its face, reduce expenses, and was, therefore, out of order.

Mr. Enloe argued from the decision of the court that the ruling of the chair was sustained as the judgment of the committee, without a division.

Mr. Enloe moved then to amend by reducing the appropriation for the survey of the Atlantic coast by instructing the survey committee to investigate the work of the survey, and if it could be done more efficiently and economically in the navy and interior departments, it may report by bill or otherwise.

The great political revolutions which have revolutionized the house of representatives the most notable was that of 1854, and of all those new members who after so long a contest succeeded in placing Nat P. Banks in the speaker's chair not without the support of the South, of sectional consequence. The high tide of mediocrity was apparently reached in 1862, when the reaction against Lincoln's war policy floated so many queer characters into Congress.

The great revolution of 1874 proved an exception to the general rule because so many of the men floated into congress by the tidal wave of that year were really old southeners, who had been in the house during their control—but put it in the mildest possible form. Last of all came the truly marvelous revolution of 1880, but it would take several columns to describe the newly created statesmen of that year's crop.

How Men Come and Go.

A curious and amusing feature of the record is the number of men who, when the fads come and go, and how the temporary domination of each fad brings in an entirely new set of men, most of whom, when their pet issue has ceased to excite the public, are lost in complete obscurity.

The slavery question was first of course, and was the most important cause of these temporary fads.

"Know nothing," as it was called, floated in at least 30 and probably 40 new men, a small remnant of whom clung together and under the lead of Mr. Zollicoffer, of Tennessee, called themselves South Americans, maintaining some show of force almost to the beginning of the war.

At 4:35 o'clock the committee rose to-morrow in the house adjourned until 12:30 o'clock to-morrow.

CAPTAIN TIFT RESIGNS.

Major Wooten Will Be Asked to Accept the Command.

Albany, Ga., March 15.—(Special)—At a meeting of the Albany Guards tonight, Captain M. W. Tift tendered his resignation of the command of the company. It was accepted. Captain Tift's successor is elected, will be in the hands of First Lieutenant W. T. Cox. The company, however, will make a unanimous appeal to their old commander, now Major W. E. Wooten, to accept the captaincy.

His resignation petition and the numerous personal letters which were sent to the management of the Central railroad, urging them to retain Mr. John S. Clark as the agent of the company at this place, were handed in, and today Mr. Clark gave the place to his successor, Mr. Briggs, who has been in charge.

Mr. Clark has been the agent of the company for several years, and is one of the most popular men in Albany. There is no doubt that his disappearance will be followed by the withdrawal of a great deal of freight business by Mr. Clark's friends.

The near approach of the chautauqua is being manifested on all sides. The city is cleaning up and getting ready for its hundreds of guests, who will find it slick and spacious.

Columbia's Primary.

Columbia, S. C., March 15.—(Special)—The city democratic party will hold a meeting tonight at 9 o'clock p. m. The result puts Major Fisher and Alderman Sloan as the candidates in the second primary for Mayor and elects eleven out of twelve aldermen. The total vote for mayor is: W. MacB. Sloan 459; W. C. Fisher 341; J. K. Alston, 327; F. W. McMaster, 174; R. S. Desper, 169.

The following local board of trustees for the Southern Female Institute has been chosen: Messrs. J. W. Lapsley, John M. Caldwell, A. H. Smith, S. B. Trapp, George F. Anderson, F. B. Cassidy, J. M. McCleary, A. W. Bell and P. B. Brown.

KATHRYN WEBSTER SHOT.

An Ex-Policeman Tried to Shoot Her Husband.

Huntsville, Ala., March 15.—(Special)—A special to the Mercury from Florence says Kathryn Webster, of the Fritz-Webster Comedy Company, was shot at Florence Tuesday night by ex-Policeman Jim Green, who was attempting to shoot her husband. E. W. Terrell, who was doing in setting the company's hotel bill and given put in with the above result. Fearing the arrest of her husband, she did not make known her wound until they reached Tuscaloosa. She is still playing and appears here tonight. A warrant of arrest is out for Terrell.

Richardson Terrell stabbed Silas Johnson to death eight miles from the city this morning in an altercation over E. Terrell came in and surrendered to the sheriff. He

takes hold, and under his able management will doubtless be a great success.

Major Morgan Goes to Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 15.—(Special)—Major Morgan, of Atlanta, Ga., who has just closed the hotel at Cumbersdale, Tenn., as one of the best hotel managers who ever stood behind the desk, has had a wide experience in the South, and is now in the management, will take on renewed activity and life. The hotel will be thoroughly renovated and overhauled before Major Morgan takes hold, and under his able management will doubtless be a great success.

Major Morgan is that of General and Senator John M. Palmer, who was never in congress before, but it is not an egoistic production, for General Palmer, who is more than other man in the large and small, than any other man in the country, is that of Hon. Thomas F. Manner, of Brooklyn, who had held one small office before being elected to the fifty-second Congress. The tallest man in the house, Berry, and himself, as he does not even tell us that he is.

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THE JOINT DEBATE.

Athens Expects to Furnish a Great Crowd to the Candidates.

CHEAP RATES ON THE RAILROADS

Excursions Will Be Run from the Surrounding Country—Friends of Both Men Are Making Arrangements.

Athens, Ga., March 15.—(Special)—Tomorrow week Athens will be the scene of the second joint debate between the two gubernatorial candidates. Already there is a thrill of excitement in the air. Every one is talking about it and people from all sections of northeast Georgia are making preparations to come to the Classic City on that day. This is the only joint debate between General Evans and Mr. Atkinson which will be held in this section of the state.

The new opera house holds a thousand people and is the largest hall in the city, it will probably be used for the debate. It is expected that the opera house will be packed to hold the big crowd which will be present. The railroads are all making special schedules for this date so that it will be convenient for people living in a radius of a hundred miles of Athens to come here that day in time to hear the same afternoon. The fare will be reduced on nearly all roads to one fare for the round trip.

President A. J. Erwin, of the Evans Club, has appointed the following committee to make arrangements for the occasion: Judge S. M. Herndon, chairman; Mr. E. R. Hodges, Mr. W. A. Lester, Mr. T. P. Vincent and Captain W. P. Welch. Some of the friends of Mr. Atkinson called a meeting and appointed the following gentlemen to represent him on the committee: Mr. J. H. Dooley, Mr. T. S. Harper, Mr. G. Michael and Mr. W. C. Ash.

These two committees will probably get together tomorrow and complete all arrangements for the debate and the reception of the visitors.

TENNY NOTES.

Mrs. Judson McElmurry and her sister, Miss Bertha Journah, of Waynesboro, are visiting Mrs. James White, on Prince Avenue.

Miss Mamie Lou Hinton left today for Danville, Va., where she will visit Miss Penn, a charming young lady, well known in Atlanta. In April Miss Hinton, accompanied by her mother, will make an extended tour through the east, stops being made with Dr. John Hinton, in New York.

Miss Anna Grimes is preparing a novel entertainment for the benefit of the Martha Washington Association to be given shortly after Easter.

ONLY TEN STOOD UP.

Colonel Ellington Does Not Seem to Make Converts Rapidly.

Jesup, Ga., March 15.—(Special)—Hon. H. Ellington, president of the State Farmers' Alliance, addressed a small crowd at the courthouse here today. He said that was no particular solid in the interest of the order of which he is president. He urged the farmers to maintain the organization regardless of politics. Mr. Ellington stated that if the populists had every one of the people from the organization to let them know what they were demanding without the alliance. He advised the members to subscribe for the alliance paper and keep informed on what the organization was doing. He concluded by saying that he could not be the principle and as a consequence of the audience who would do likewise to rise. Ten stood up on their feet.

AN EVANS CLUB IN SAVANNAH.

Samuel B. Adams Is Elected President. The Mayor One of the Officers.

Savannah, Ga., March 15.—(Special)—The first gun of the gubernatorial campaign in Chatham was heard tonight. A large number of General Evans' supporters met at the Catholic library hall, and after strong speech by Mr. Pleasant A. Stovall and Mr. S. H. Rockwell, secretary, among the vice presidents were Major G. M. Ryals and Mayor McDonough. All present resolved, if possible, to see that General Evans was given the unqualified endorsement of Chatham county in the convention.

A committee consisting of the following gentlemen, went to Atlanta tonight to meet representatives of the Southeastern Tariff Association with reference to the advance in fire insurance rates of 25 cents per 100 made after the destructive fire at the Georgia Agricultural Society. Mayor Horne told the committee that he had no objection to the increase, but the committee, like the entire organization, was strongly in favor of it. The committee, like the entire organization, was generally, earnestly desired Mr. Horne to withdraw the resignation, as his resignation at the head of the company is largely essential to the success of the organization. Then, too, the company has been in close touch with the Georgia Agricultural Society to give a joint state fair and exposition. Mr. Horne's retirement as president is calculated to have a very damaging effect on the joint project.

Mayor Horne told the committee this afternoon Vice President Dan Horner and Director R. E. Park of the Macon Exporting Company, called as a committee on Hon. Henry Horne to request him to withdraw his resignation as president of the company. He said in his resignation yesterday that he did not consider the club in the tenderloin district to be a resort for some of the best known residents of New York city and among the present members are Superintendent Byrne, Inspector of Police, Major Edward J. Grant, Eugene Kelly, Jr., Senator Fred Gibbs, William Sulzer, ex-speaker of the assembly, and many others equally well known. Since the organization of the club its character has greatly changed. The members of the club left it and formed the Bohemian Club.

Mr. John W. Kelly, the well-known journalist, who is president of the New York Press Club, was re-elected president of the Tenderloin club two weeks ago.

Bribery Failed.

Nashville, Tenn., March 15.—(Special)—The committee that has been investigating the charges against the board of public works Wade E. Freeman Wright of St. Louis, in connection with the spreading of the rumor of last year, reported to a special meeting of the city council today. They find that there was a partial conspiracy to make a contest of Van's election. Mayor Horne intends to enter actively and thoroughly into the contest and would pursue the contest so energetically that he would not retain the presidency of the city if he were to be elected.

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WITH A PISTOL

The Valiant Bob Acres Seeks Out His New Brother-in-Law.

GIBBS AND HIS WIFE IN ATLANTA

But in Vain Did Sidney Drew Seek for the Bridal Couple.

HARRY GIBBS TELLS HIS STORY

Just as Good as the Drews, Says He—Phyllis Will Stick to Him—They Leave This Morning for New York.

A short, rather slight little fellow, whose distinguishing features were a diminutive pair of brown "siders" and a decidedly prominent nose, awoke the household at 73 East Mitchell street late last night.

It was midnight and the good people of that vicinity were slumbering, but the visitor persisted in making his presence felt in the entire neighborhood, and to that end banged at the door until he got response.

"I want to see a man named Gibbs who is here," demanded the stranger. "I want him—must see him."

The man who came to the door heard a feminine voice somewhere in the darkness behind him and he retired for consultation. When he returned he announced that Gibbs had left—that he was not there, and had not been four hours.

The visitor was Sidney Drew; the man he sought was his newly created brother-in-law.

Sidney was mad and he didn't care who knew it. His references to the man whom he had recently discharged for the crime of marrying into the Drew-Rankin family were couched in anything but chaste and elegant language, and as he learned of the escape of the great, the blood of Fighting Bob Acres seemed to boil within him. Flushing a pistol almost as big as one of the "pops" used in Sheridan's comedy, he declared his intention to annihilate the entire Gibbs tribe.

The declaration was as far as he got, though Gibbs and the fair Phyllis were under that roof, he saw them not.

Harry Says His Say.

Harry Gibbs and his pretty wife came direct to Atlanta from Columbus, where they had their row with Sidney Drew, as a result of which they were given their walking papers. They went to the boarding house on East Mitchell street mentioned above, and until the story of their romance appeared in yesterday's Constitution succeeded in keeping their identity to themselves. After that appeared their presence in the city became known, and in the afternoon a Constitution reporter found them.

It required a good many assurances that Sidney Drew knew nothing of the visit to assure Gibbs. Sidney is little but he bears the reputation of being quite handy with his fists, and it was evident that Gibbs had no desire to run against him.

"Well," said the young bridegroom, after the identity of the reporter had been made sufficiently clear to him, "I'll tell you all about it. It's true we are married—old story of true love, you know. I have been with the Drew company for two or three seasons, for a time acting as manager and most of the time as stage manager. Now as property man, please make that clear. I am young, but I believe that's not a crime; and I can say that I stand fairly well with all who know me. Fully as well as Sidney Drew."

"Now, as to my relations with Phyllis. My love dates back to our visit to Montreal. I told her of it and she reciprocated. We spoke to her relatives but they objected. Then in Charleston we were married, as the Constitution stated, but not by a magistrate. It was by a Baptist preacher. In Columbus we had trouble and Sidney and I quarreled. He fired me. I told him my wife would go with me, and he dared me to take her. Well, she said she'd stick to me, and we gave him the slip, and came on to Atlanta. When they were looking for us Monday night we were in a little tavern in Atlanta.

"No," he continued, "we weren't fired. Indeed they offered to take me back if my wife would go back, but she refused. They'd done everything they could to separate us, but let me repeat."

"Just as good as the Drews," said he. "That I think I am just as good as Mr. Sidney Drew. And just quote for me that 'people who live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones.'"

That is why, it is said, Jubal Early never married.

The Law of Advance.

Harry Gibbs is a handsome young fellow, and is popular with the members of the Drew company. He is twenty-four years old, and Phyllis is nineteen. He is a son of a division superintendent of the Delaware and Hudson railway, and though he has never done anything on the stage, is regarded as a good, clean, clever fellow.

Phyllis is a beauty. She listened to all her husband said, now and then interrupting him and giving what he said her hearty approval.

"We are going to New York early in the morning," said Gibbs, when asked about his plans. "I have a conditional offer for Phyllis and myself from a prominent New York manager, and I think we'll be in a production there soon."

Stoney's War Paint.

Sidney had his war paint on all day. In the afternoon he was told that Gibbs was in town, but couldn't find out where he was. Later in the night he was given the address and went there but with no success.

Then he came to The Constitution office and flourished his pistol about in a decided, reckless manner.

"I'd kill him," he said. "No I wouldn't. He's too little. I'd put my pistol aside and slay his wife. He's no good anyway."

Then he wrote out this card:

Mr. Drew's Card.

Editor Constitution: I read the interview with one Mr. Gibbs, in the Evening Journal, and desire to state the absolute facts to you.

In the first place, the news that I had been in Atlanta yesterday and part of today was news to me. I can readily understand he having kept his presence unknown to me, for though, in the language of Bob

Acres, I say "Let me bring him down with a long shot," he was conversant enough with my nature to know that I rather like short range.

I have been informed that he is inclined to make very early before making his statement to The Journal reporter if the paper would go out before he left at 12 o'clock. Finding that it would not, he was courageous.

As regards Mr. Gibbs and his position, I would like to tell you:

I have dignified him in a programme in several instances as a stage manager, simply to gain for him some respect which he could not get for himself. He has been described as being less than a property man, a hunch of timber, and probably a servant of mine. As regards his antecedents and his family, I can say that: I have been unfortunate enough to see some of his father's letters, and I have been given with "My Dear Son," and I have never been able to catch up to see a card. His folks may be cleanly and morally correct, but that is their limit, socially, they are not.

The young man personally inherits the inheritance of his forefathers. It may be unfortunate for him to be every way that society and good breeding demands, but positively without cause for existence.

As regards any quarrel between such a person and myself, the idea becomes absurd, as he not only fears me physically but morally, and in every way that a gangrene shape is heir to. Yours truly,

SIDNEY DREW.

Dated, S. D.

"THE ROAD TO RUIN."

The Drew Company gave a thoroughly delightful production of "The Road to Ruin" at the Grand last night. Mrs. Drew appeared as the Widow Warren. There was a large house, and the play was thoroughly enjoyed by everybody.

GENERAL EARLY'S ROMANCE.

The Interesting Reasons Why He

Early never married. A pretty romance is told about him by The Baltimore American. When he was a young lieutenant in 1857 he appeared at the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs in brilliant uniform and riding a splendid horse, and one evening a beautiful young lady from Philadelphia, a debutante, spending her first season at the "White," drove off in her carriage. She had never seen the young lieutenant.

The carriage was a small one, usually only a few feet deep, but on that afternoon it was a swollen stream of mad, muddy waters, sent down from the mountain side after a long rain of the day before.

Then the carriage hit a rock, and the youth, who was all alone, was thrown out, and the other negroes gathered around threateningly.

Then the negroes were bent upon stopping him. Mauldin drew his pistol and threw it in Thomas's face. Then the three foremost negroes set upon him. Thomas, a sturdy, strong, and upright leader of retreats. He shot across a place with the rapidity of lightning and dexterously dodged between houses. All the others held him in their hands.

The father and brother of the retreating negro, with two or three others, followed him, and when he reached the middle of the stream, they stopped him, and he rolled his eyes, and the negroes were bent upon him.

The negroes were bent upon him, and the other negroes gathered around threateningly.

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CAPS THE CLIMAX.

1 Fulton County Prisoner Makes Spurious Coin While in Jail.

HOW HE CONCEALED THE MOLDS

Hall, the Pension Man, Found Guilty in the United States Court—Another Counterfeiter Bound Over.

Fulton county jail furnishes a case that caps the climax of criminality.

Charles Johnson, a prisoner of the state of Georgia and a bird of prey standing, was served with one of Uncle Sam's warrants yesterday while behind the bars.

Johnson is charged with making counterfeit money and although in the hands of the sheriff, he has not yet been lawfully tried and convicted under his very nose.

Only days ago United States Solicitor James got wind of the affair and began investigation. It was a peculiar case and as the investigation went on, facts more peculiar were disclosed. Johnson was found to be behind the bars of Fulton county jail, an organized band of counterfeiters. Deputy Marshal Sibley was detailed to make the arrest and armed with a warrant of the United States court, he entered the jail, Johnson at the door, all known to the police of the affair, and assumed an attitude of blissful ignorance. But the deputy was too familiar with counterfeiters and their way to be thrown off his guard. He made a thorough search of the cell and under the coat Johnson was wearing, he found several sets of molds, various in shape and size. Johnson then acknowledged his guilt and gave the whole thing away. The Nictheroy's dynamite gun is to be mounted on Fort Santa Cruz. The United States warships will sail on Saturday.

LARGE FIRE IN NEW ORLEANS.

Burning of the Pickwick Clubhouse.

Losses and Insurance.

New Orleans, March 15.—The handsome Pickwick Club, situated on the corner of Canal and Decatur streets, was almost completely destroyed by fire this morning.

There had been a meeting at the club last night, but only the manager, bookkeeper and porters were in the club at twenty minutes past 7 o'clock today, when fire was discovered in the neighborhood of the kitchen.

An alarm was turned on as soon as the blaze was discovered, but before the department reached the scene the flames had gained such headway that the building was doomed. The fire spread rapidly through the four stories of the building until 10 o'clock this morning, when it was under control. The building is only four stories high. Norman largely prevailing in its architecture. It was built ten years ago by Philadelphia pressed brick with oolitic limestone trimmings, and was owned by A. H. Herne, of Paris, and was worth \$130,000.

The loss was estimated at \$40,000. Many paintings and statuary were saved. The insurance on the building was \$80,000. The total loss by the Pickwick Club furniture will approximate \$100,000. On the stock and furniture the insurance carried was \$10,000. M. J. Scott, attorney, \$2,000; Phoenix Company of Hartford; Liverpool and London and Globe, \$500; Home Insurance Company, \$30,000.

The building is insured for \$100,000, as follows: Home Insurance Company, New Orleans, \$25,000; Sun Insurance Company, New Orleans, \$25,000; Scottish Union of Edinburgh, \$10,000; Queen of America, New York, \$10,000; Mechanics and Traders, of New Orleans, \$5,000; Pelican of Manchester, \$5,000; Teutonia, of New Orleans, \$25,000; Home Insurance Company, \$30,000.

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Andrew J. Rooks, the Heard county farmer who defrauded the government out of a pension, caught three years and a fine of \$1,000 from Judge Newman yesterday. Rooks, through attorneys, entered a plea of guilty. Although he was carrying a lame leg, he showed up to advantage and seemed interested in his sentence.

The story of Rooks' life is full of interest.

In 1862 he applied through a pension agent to the government for a pension, claiming that he fought for the union.

The pension was granted and for several years he has been reaping the benefit. His fraud was discovered, however, and the evidence against him showed that he had lied to his brother who for some years has been dead. Furthermore, it was shown that he had fought for the confederacy. There are other cases, it is said, similar to this in Heard county.

Another Counterfeiter.

J. E. Hall, of Carroll county, was bound over yesterday by Judge Broyles for counterfeiting.

Hall will be convicted by the evidence of his nice, who for some reason gave her word to testify that he had forged the coins and other things for the manufacture of spurious coins in his possession, it was upon this evidence that Hall was bound over.

SUCCESS PRODUCES IMITATION. Genius Pond's Extract is sold only in bottles, with landscape view on buff wrapper.

ON THE EDGE OF A REVIVAL.

The Ministers of the City Are Getting Ready for a Great Outpouring.

Atlanta is on the edge of a great revival.

Dr. J. B. Hawthorne, the pastor of the First Baptist church, has just returned from Selma, Ala., at which place he has aided in the conduct of a wonderful revival of religion.

In a few weeks we will begin a revival at the First Baptist church.

The Methodist ministers are also contemplating a religious awakening, as appears from the following card of Dr. J. W. Heath.

"To the Ministers of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, Travelling and Local, within the Bounds of the North and South Atlantic Districts—Dear Brethren: You are cordially invited to attend a minster conference composed of the ministers of the two Atlanta districts, to be held at Trinity church, beginning Wednesday night, March 21, and continuing the two succeeding days."

"The object of the meeting is chiefly to promote and encourage a vigorous movement in behalf of the church, and to make available all the agencies which are available for the evangelization of the masses in the city and country."

"Your names and faith are needed to aid in the effort, and we trust you will come prepared to spend the entire time."

"Homes will be provided for those who come. Please notify us in advance of your coming." JOHN W. HEATH.

P. O. Box 899, Atlanta, Ga.

W. FRANK COOK, Lawyer, Atlanta, Ga.

This call for a special meeting grows out of a special resolution which was passed at the meeting of Methodist ministers last Monday afternoon.

Dr. Strickler, the pastor of the Central Presbyterian church, is arranging for a series of meetings that church, and similar steps are being taken by the pastors all over the city.

Malaria is one of the most insidious of health destroyers. Herod's Sarsaparilla counters its deadly poison and builds up the system.

AT THE SATURDAY NIGHT CLUB.

Mr. Julian Harris Will Give a Dialect Reading from Uncle Remus.

The programme arranged by the Saturday Night Club for tomorrow evening is one of the most interesting.

Mr. Julian Harris of The Constitution, has been secured and this, of course, will mean a treat for all who attend. Mr. Harris is recognized as a young man of exceptional talent and one who has already commenced to reap laurels from his chosen profession. Tomorrow night he will give one of his excellent readings on "Uncle Remus."

In addition to this feature of the programme the question will be discussed, "Who was the Greatest Georgian?" Among the claims of Benjamin H. Hill, Robert Coombs, Alex. H. Stephens and Henry W. Grady will be discussed.

Each Georgia will be ably represented by a special young advocate who will look after his claims in the discussion.

The occasion will be one of unusual interest to the public generally and cordially invited by the young people to attend.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, but do not purge. They are sure to please.

More cases of sick headache, bilious constipation can be cured in less time, with less medicine, and for less money, by using Carter's Little Liver Pills, than by any other means.

RATLIFFE ON TRIAL
For the Killing of Jackson—The Jury Complete.

LATEST FROM RIO.

The Flight of DaGama—The Dynamite Gun to be Removed to a Fort.

Rio de Janeiro, March 15.—(Copyright, 1894, by the United Press)—The Americans who helped man the government warships were paid off today. They will leave on the first ship sailing from this port for New York.

A. Broyle, who commanded the crew of the dynamite gun, aboard the Nictheroy, was discharged at Bahia because he kept the gun out of order. The government officers suspected him of being a traitor and pursued rendering the gun useless.

The French warship Magon, on which Admiral da Gama sought refuge just prior to the surrender of the insurgent fleet, cruised off the coast for a short time and then returned to port. She transferred Da Gama and eight other insurgent officers to a Portuguese warship and then put out again. Several hours later a French mail steamer was stopped as she was leaving port, probably because the federal authorities suspected that she carried the insurgent admiral. Her captain proved to the satisfaction of the Brazilians, however, that none of the insurgents were aboard her. President Peixoto is considering whether or not he will demand from the Portuguese the surrender of Da Gama. It is known that the insurgent admiral was more anxious to get an asylum under the British flag, which has been more or less at his service since the beginning of hostilities. He applied for passage aboard a steamer of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, whose vessels fly South American ports and Southampton, but the captain declined to carry him.

"A crop of cotton and cottonseed may remove twenty-nine pounds of nitrogen from the soil by the melon crop is not as large as might be inferred, the juice only containing about one-fifth as much potassium as the pulp about seven-fifths of one percent, the rind about twelve-fifths of one percent, and the seeds about one percent. The seeds contain about one-half pounds of phosphoric acid.

"The nitrogen and ammonia removed from the soil by the melon crop is not as large as might be inferred, the juice only containing about one-fifth as much potassium as the pulp about seven-fifths of one percent, the rind about twelve-fifths of one percent, and the seeds about one percent. The seeds contain about one-half pounds of phosphoric acid.

"The great demand then upon the land is for potassium. Some soils naturally contain more potassium than others, but the decomposition of the leaves of the melon plant is more anxious to get an asylum under the British flag, which has been more or less at his service since the beginning of hostilities. He applied for passage aboard a steamer of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, whose vessels fly South American ports and Southampton, but the captain declined to carry him.

"A common amount of fertilizer used to an acre of ground in Georgia is 200 pounds. Fertilizers average 10 per cent available phosphoric acid and 1 per cent of potash; so this would be an application of one pound of available phosphoric acid and four pounds of potash, or, in other words, over four times as much phosphoric acid is put back as the watermelon takes off; yet it would take over four years of such fertilization to put back the nitrogen taken away by the one single crop of melons. No wonder melons do not do well thus starved to death."

"As phosphoric acid and available phosphoric acid contain the same elements, chemical manuring can be done much more advantageously and fully as cheaply by using more potash and less phosphoric acid. The potash should be used in the form of sulphate of potash, which is about twice as potent as phosphate of lime, and contains more available phosphoric acid.

"The following is suggested as a formula for a watermelon fertilizer, which will furnish a liberal amount of potash and other fertilizing material per acre:

Act. phosphate. 100 pounds

Sulphate of potash. 50 pounds

Dried blood. 20 pounds

"Of course a much larger quantity can be used per acre if the land is well prepared and a large crop is desired.

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Sulphate of potash. 50 pounds

Dried blood. 20 pounds

"Of course a much larger quantity can be used per acre if the land is well prepared and a large crop is desired.

"The acid phosphate in the above formula furnishes ample calcic phosphate and lime.

"Cotton seed meal can be used in the above formula in the place of blood. If this is done the quantity should be doubled, as cotton seed meal contains only a little over one-half the percentage of nitrogen found in blood.

"These investigations were undertaken in the hope that they might be of some direct benefit to our people.

"They should prove so, as the time spent upon them, which was principally at night after office hours, will not be regretted."

The Benefits of Its Educational Features.

FACTS ABOUT WATERMELONS.

Some Scientific Statements of Interest to the Melon Growers.

At the recent convention of the State Agricultural Society, Dr. George F. Payne, of Atlanta, Georgia, made a statement which was received with great interest.

He said that the following statement concerning the watermelon was the most interesting address concerning the watermelon.

The statement contained in his brief address was of a peculiarly interesting nature, especially to melon growers, and the Constitution has received so many inquiries for a copy that Dr. Payne was requested to furnish a copy, which is presented as follows:

About the Watermelon.

"Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Georgia State Agricultural Society: Last summer, our attention was called to an article in the 'Georgia Journal of Agriculture' concerning the watermelon, which was the most interesting address concerning the watermelon.

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HELD BY HER PARENTS

Mr. Paul V. Carlton is now a widower
pro tem.

HOPES TO GET HIS WIFE TODAY

They were married by S. Y. Jameson on
Sunday—Another West End
Wedding.

Wasn't it a time of proud anticipation,
the time of youthful ambition? The young
men and women of today have no such
feeling. Do you know that the commencement
invitations and programmes is a mat-
ter of indifference, but encourages them
something that is not worth keeping,
such as a memento worth keeping,
Steel Plate Engraving, which we do at
our establishment, 3 Whitehall street,
Meets the requirements of the day.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
JEWELERS.

OPPIUM and Whiskey Habits
cured at home with
out pain. Book Free
B.M. WOOLLEY, M.D.
Atlanta, Ga. Office 104½ Whitehall St.

Fain & Houston,

28 N. Forsyth Street—The "Grocer on
the Big Bridge"—Spot Cash Prices.
21 pounds Granulated Sugar \$1.
15 pounds Cane Sugar \$1.
13 pounds XXXX Powdered Sugar \$1.
COFFEES.

Good Rio, roasted, 25¢ per pound.
Good Java, roasted, 25¢ per pound;
1 pound for \$1.

Good Rio, 25¢ per pound.
Old Government Java, 25¢ per pound.
Fine Mocha, 25¢ per pound.

MEATS.

12 pounds Lard \$1.
9 pounds ice cured Bacon \$1.

Feathers and Breakfast Bacon 15¢
per pound.

Dove Brand Ham 14¢ pound.
Compound Lard 8¢ pound.

Pure Leaf Lard 10¢ per pound.

ROASTED PIGIN POWDERS.

Royal Powders 45¢ per pound.
Cleveland Powders 45¢ per pound.

Dixie Powders 45¢ per pound.

Pierce's Powders 45¢ per pound.

White & Williams we are selling:
Catawba Wine \$1 per gallon.

Sherry Wine \$1 per gallon.

Scuppernong Wine \$1 per gallon.

Scuppernong Wine \$1 per quart.

We carry the finest and choicest goods

and will be pleased to serve the public.

AIN & HOUSTON, 18 N. FORSYTH ST.

THE C. J. KAMPER
GROCERY CO.,
280 and 282 Peachtree street.
PHONE 628

NOW IS THE TIME
FOR
HAM AND EGGS

Smithfield, Va. Hams.
Ferry's Pig Hams.
Tennessee Hams and Shoulders.

Dove Hams.

Ferry's Breakfast Bacon.

Special drive for this week only.

Rockwood's Breakfast Cocoa, as good as

the best—1/2 pound tins, 20¢; 1/4 tins, 10¢.

Cheapest Grocery Store in Georgia

TOLBERT BROS.,

186, 188 and 190 Decatur Street.

22 pounds granulated sugar 1.00
10 pounds best Leaf Lard 1.00
10 pounds Hams, per pound 1.00
25 pounds Pearl Granulated Sugar 1.00
10 pounds Mocha and Java Coffee 1.00
10 pounds Cane and Buckwheat 1.00
20 pounds Oat Meal 1.00
20 pounds Corn Tomatoes, per dozen 90
10 pounds Eggs 1.00
6 pounds cans Corned Beef 1.00
25 pounds new Currents 1.00
1 barrel Tolbert's Patent Flour 1.00
50 pounds sack Tolbert's Patent Flour 1.00
1 barrel good Patent Flour 1.00
50 pounds sack Good Patent Flour 1.00
Water glass 1.00
Water glass, per bushel 1.00
Maple Syrup, per gallon 1.25
Good New Orleans Syrup 1.25
Tolbert's Patent Flour we guarantee to
be good, never sour in Atlanta.
One of city order, boxed and delivered at
depot free of charge. Phone 71.

Cheney's Expectorant
Cures Your Colds.

Diamonds,
Watches.

Fine Goods at Lowest Possible Prices.

A. L. DELKIN CO.,
No. 69 Whitehall Street.

AUCTION SALE

The fine appointments of the
Richelieu Restaurant, consisting
of fine Carpets, Chairs,
Tables, Silverwear, Table Cutlery,
Cut Glass, Bric-a-Brac, Table Linen and
the finest lot of Kitchen Utensils in the south. Sale
commences Monday, March 19th,
10 o'clock, and will con-
tinue sold, at the Mitchell
130 Whitehall street.

Auctioneer. By or-
Sternberg.

Mar 16 at

REDUCED RATES.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia
railway is now selling tickets from Atlanta
to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Sacramento,
Cal., for only \$30, and round trip tickets
for \$62.50.

This is an opportunity never before offered
to visit California. For tickets and
any information desired call on or write to
E. E. Kirby, city ticket agent, corner Kimball
house, or Albert Howell, union ticket agent,
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Atlanta.

Central Hotel.

This popular and splendid hotel at Lit-
tleton, Ga., is praised by every one who
has seen it. The famous Farnham's
served free to guests.

mar 11-7

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing
Syrup the best remedy for their children. 25
cents a bottle.

Mar 16 at

10

DEAR OLD GRANDMOTHERS.

Healthy, Hearty, Happy, Using Paine's
Celery Compound.

How to Make the Last Miles as Smooth
as Possible.

The Illness of the Aged Mainly Comes
Under the Head of Weakness.

It has often been sung and warbled by
the poets, no matter what their standing
or style, that in the springtime the turning
of a young man's fancy is in the direction
of Cupid and the altar of Hymen. In
truth, it has been customary for many
years to hear from the poets on this line,
and receive the same happy thought clothed
in different language, though written more
times than often in the same vein and
traversed by the same gentle sentiment.

Thus it was with a young couple who
were wont for many months to seek the
same church and attend the same Sunday
school. Their acquaintance grew to friend-
ship, their friendship into admiration and
respect, and these last quickened into love.
The natural outcome of all this was mar-
riage—and marriage was the result; but
the young man who made his fair sweet-
heart happy yearned for now a wid-
owhood, and back of all this is the
story of this domestic comedy.

Mr. Paul V. Carlton is the young gentle-
man in this affair du coeur, and the young
lady is Miss Lola Fuller that was, but
who is now Mrs. Paul V. Carlton.

Mr. Paul Carlton is a bright young
fellow, the son of the Rev. Dr. J. C. Carlton,
a young man who is esteemed more highly
by those who know him even slightly. Mrs.
Lola Fuller-Carlton, is the daughter of
most charming parents and has a wide cir-
cle of admiring friends. It so happened
that Mr. Carlton attended the same church
as the Rev. Dr. J. C. Carlton, and when the
two young people met, they were attracted
to each other mainly by the fact that both
were designated as platonic friends. Soon
became noticeable, and the friends of both
the young people were not at all surprised
when they learned that the two had married.

But the friends were not prepared for
what followed.

The wedding occurred at the home of Mr.
J. C. C. Carlton, the father of the bride-
groom, and the ceremony was performed by
Rev. S. Y. Jameson. The ceremony over,
the couple decided to make a call on the
parents of the bride and to call on the
Rev. Dr. J. C. Carlton.

The result was not gratifying, to say the least, and when Mr. Carlton left it was without his bride. Mrs.

Fuller, the young lady's mother was taken
with hysterics at once and the father de-
cided that he didn't want his daughter to
be exposed to such a fate, and so he
stayed with her mother for a few days at
least, thus using persuasion to gain his pur-
pose. The marriage occurred last Sunday
night, and last night Mr. Carlton was still
wifeless. Mrs. Carlton wants to go to her
husband, and it is very probable that the
parents of the bride and the Rev. Dr. J. C.
Carlton are the ones who are to be blamed.

The funeral will occur this morning at 10
o'clock from Payne Memorial church, of
which she was a loyal and consistent mem-
ber.

The Modern Invalid

has tastes medicinal in keeping with other
luxuries. A remedy must be pleasantly
acceptable in form, purely wholesome in
composition, truly beneficial in effect and
entirely free from every objectionable qual-
ity. If really ill, he consults a physician; if
constipated, he uses the gentle family laxa-
tive, Syrup of Figs.

DEATH OF MRS. HUSSEY.

Her Funeral Will Occur This Morning
from Payne Memorial.

Mrs. Fannie G. Bussey died at the resi-
dence of her sister, Mrs. John J. Baker, on
Hempstead avenue, yesterday morning.

She breathed her last at 8 o'clock after
an illness of several days. She had many
friends in the community and was highly
esteemed.

The funeral will occur this morning at 10
o'clock from Payne Memorial church, of
which she was a loyal and consistent mem-
ber.

Another West End Gentleman Marries.

Another wedding that was somewhat of
a surprise to the friends of all parties was
that of Mr. J. C. Carlton, the son of the
Rev. Dr. J. C. Carlton, and his bride, Mrs.
Lola Fuller, the daughter of the Rev. Dr. J. C.
Carlton.

Mr. Carlton is a bright young man
and a gentleman of many sterling
qualities. Miss Lola is a most charming
and accomplished young lady and comes of
excellent family. The wedding occurred at
the home of Mr. J. C. Carlton, the father of
the bride, and the Rev. Dr. J. C. Carlton.

The news of his sad death will be read
with profound sorrow all over the city.

Mr. Sullivan, for quite a long time, had
been in the employ of Venable Bros., at
Lithonia, Ga. He was the foreman of the
company and rendered an efficient service to
his employer and to the public.

The funeral will occur this morning from
the Church of the Immaculate Conception
and the interment will be at Westview cem-
etery.

An Appeal for Assistance.

The man who is charitable to himself will
listen to the mute appeal for assistance
by the Rev. Dr. J. C. Carlton, who is in
the shape of divers dyspeptic qualms and un-
easy sensations in the regions of the gland
and heart, from his bilious, toothless condition
as the case may be—what you require.

Hasten to use if you are troubled with
heartburn, pain in the stomach, or note
that your skin or the whites of your eyes
are taking a sallow hue.

A CITY OF THE NEW SOUTH.

and Gray.

Mr. Joe Old's article on "A City of the
New South," illustrated, in the March num-
ber. Five thousand copies of the first
edition for Atlanta, consigned to John M.
Miller, already sold. Another large con-
signment just received. Ordered by mail
and sent 2 cents extra for postage, price, 10
cents.

JOHN M. MILLER, Agent.

No. 29 Marietta Street.

For disordered liver take Beecham's Pills.

ATTENTION.

Both of my stables were not damaged by
fire or water. I am now located at Nos.
33 and 35 Marietta Street, and am ready
to furnish my customers with the best
of liver; also, ready for boarding horses,
which I make a specialty.

W. O. JONES.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades,
furniture and wood molding, 40 Marietta
street. Send for samples.

Reduced Rates.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia
railway is now selling tickets from Atlanta
to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Sacramento,
Cal., for only \$30, and round trip tickets
for \$62.50.

This is an opportunity never before offered
to visit California. For tickets and
any information desired call on or write to
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